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Latest 2021 model Hybrid Honda CR-V – Road Test

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HONDA CR-V LARGE SUV NOW JUST WITH HYBRID POWER...

...explains David Miles (Miles Better News Agency) in his road test.

The latest version of the Honda CR-V was announced in December for the 2021 model year and it's available but now only with petrol electric hybrid power, but still in 2WD or 4WD forms depending on the spec level chosen. However there are still some previous model year vehicles in stock.



So it's the latest 2021 model year CR-V we are reviewing with its new e:HEV branding and prices range from £30,880 for the base S spec 2WD version to £39,840 for the top spec 4WD model. The spec levels are S, SE, Sportline, SR and EX and it is that latter 4WD EX version that Honda sent me to sample their hybrid power.

Another major change for the 2021 model year is the fact that the latest CR-V is now only available as a 5-seat model, the 7-seat option has gone as the space utilised for folding down the two extra rear seats is given over to accommodating the lithium-ion battery pack.

We know the march is on for the move to electrified vehicles and hybrid power is just one step on the path to achieving new car zero emissions by 2030. So like other manufacturers Honda has dropped diesel engine production altogether and most of its new models will be



petrol-electric hybrid or pure electric.

The latest hybrid CR-V uses a 2.0 litre, 4-cylinder Atkinson Cycle petrol engine working in conjunction with two electric motors, one a propulsion unit, the other a generator with drive to either 2WD or 4WD through a fixed forward gear CVT type auto transmission. But of course there is a reverse gear plus various driving modes including Eco and EV electric power only options.



As it's a petrol-electric hybrid it's best to deal with the fuel economy and CO2 emissions now as this road test is mostly about the adoption of hybrid power. The WLTP rated Combined Cycle 2WD figure is 42.2 mpg and the 4WD versions 39.2 mpg and on my week long road test, but with Covid rules restricting long journeys, the overall figure for the 4WD version was 42.1 mpg which for a large and well spec'd SUV with a petrol engine was impressively good - and not far below what you might get from a previous turbodiesel



model.

Not so good are the CO2 figures of 151 g/km for the 2WD versions and 161 g/km for the 4WD models, so from 1 April the new increased First Year VED road tax is £545 and Standard rate £155 for all versions and increased Benefit-in-Kind company car tax is 34 to 36% depending on the model. Insurance groups are 22 to 24 and warranty is a competitive 3 years/90,000 miles period.

The 2021 CR-V hybrid uses the latest generation body design launched in 2019 which offered more interior space, a longer wheelbase for improved rear seat legroom, more luggage room, more engaging driving dynamics, improved compliant ride and generally an all round improvement in interior quality, connectivity functions and overall specification.



It still doesn't have the best infotainment system compared to other new models - it's a bit 'old school' in operation and layout. Come to think of it, apart from the new hybrid technology, the latest CR-V remains a reliable, friendly, comfortable old school type of vehicle; you know what you are going to get, for most users it will be thoroughly fit for purpose. It's got lazy driving dynamics but the handling is sure-footed and the revised steering provides sharper responses for in-town driving. Visually it looks much the same, it's not a 'stunner' to look at but you just know what you are getting in a conservative sort of way. Where it does excel is interior passenger space, excellent load space and clear all-round visibility, it makes modern motoring life very easy.



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Setting the CR-V hybrid generation apart from the other most recent and now discontinued models, the 2021 versions gain blue-ringed H badges and e:HEV nomenclature to highlight the electrified credentials. Other revisions include a new silver finish applied to key visual elements on the centre console, doors cards and dashboard elements. Other updates include a new 18-inch alloy wheel design for all grades and privacy glass from SE models upwards. The range topping EX grade also gains wireless smartphone charging for improved connectivity.

But it's the hybrid technology which focuses our attention most. The CR-V Hybrid is equipped with a 2.0 litre i-VTEC Atkinson-Cycle 4-cylinder petrol engine with peak power of 145 hp at 6,200 rpm and a powerful 184 hp electric motor with torque of 315 Nm (232 lb.ft). The petrol-electric powertrain can propel the CR-V Hybrid from zero to 62 mph in 8.8 seconds in 2WD guise and in 9.2 seconds for the 4WD model. The top speed of the Hybrid is 112 mph.

The Hybrid has what Honda calls Intelligent Driving Modes with its i-MMD technology as it intelligently and automatically switches between three driving modes to provide the optimum driving efficiency. These modes are: EV Drive where the lithium-ion battery supplies power to the electric propulsion motor directly; Hybrid Drive, where the engine supplies power to an electric generator motor which in turn supplies it to the electric propulsion motor, and Engine Drive where the engine is connected directly to the wheels via a lock-up clutch.

In most urban driving situations the CR-V Hybrid will shuffle between Hybrid Drive and EV Drive for optimum efficiency. In Hybrid Drive excess power from the petrol engine can also be diverted to recharge the battery via the generator motor. EV Drive permits pure-electric propulsion and gives the CR-V a zero-emissions range of around 1.2 miles depending on the driving condition and battery charge. The Engine Drive mode is the most efficient set-up for cruising at higher speeds and it can be supplemented by an on-demand power 'boost' from



the electric propulsion motor to supplement engine torque under some conditions

At a 40 mph cruise, the CR-V Hybrid will typically run in EV Drive for more than half of the time. At 62 mph the car will be in EV Drive for approximately one third of the time and to achieve high cruising speeds it will run in Hybrid Drive. The software 'brain' of the i-MMD system decides when to shuffle between these modes to maximise efficiency without requiring input or thought from the driver – as I said – just plain easy to live with motoring.



Rather than using a conventional transmission a single fixed forward gear ratio creates a direct connection between moving components, resulting in a smoother transfer of torque.



This format means Honda's system is more compact than a planetary eCVT typically found in other hybrid vehicles.

In addition the CR-V Hybrid has the first use of Honda's new Active Sound Control that so-say provides drivers with the natural sound of acceleration relative to the engine speed. It worked perfectly well with smooth changes but like other CVT's under strong acceleration during open road driving still the engine note became more vocal than necessary - or was it 'big-brother' making sure the Active Sound Control provided the engine note it assumed I was expecting to hear?

Also very worthy of mention was the very fast rate the battery was recharged during driving. Initially it was the usual way during faster open road driving to see the electric power gauge show a fast rate of depletion. But then another look and the battery was nearly fully recharged again and able to go on supplying more power to the electric motor which assisted the petrol engine. Much of this rapid charging comes from the excellent regenerative braking system which harnesses electric power for battery charging.

This system is operated by a Deceleration Paddle Selector which allows the driver to adjust the car's rate of deceleration using paddles behind the steering wheel. The default rate of deceleration, which is displayed on the 7-inch Driver Information Interface, is indicated by a single chevron symbol. The number of chevrons displayed increases in line with the rate of deceleration up to a maximum of four.

By pulling back the paddle on the left side of the steering wheel the rate of deceleration is increased. This action effectively slows down the car more quickly. By pulling back the paddle on the right side of the steering wheel the driver can decrease the rate of deceleration, slowing down the car more gently. Regenerative braking is utilised throughout the deceleration stage.

In normal driving conditions manual adjustment to the rate of deceleration is temporary and will automatically cancel when driving at a constant speed or accelerating. When the car is



in Sport mode the manually selected rate of deceleration will be held until it is cancelled by the driver.

It sound complicated but in reality it isn't and it adds involvement and interest for the driver in today's evermore technology intrusive motoring world. It's commendable that in my in-town driving with a few more miles in heavier but faster out of town traffic conditions, the vehicle still returned over 42 mpg on average and at some points closer to 50 mpg. It is testimony that petrol-electric hybrid power helps with fuel economy but not always greatly towards lowering CO2 emissions from the tailpipe.



VERDICT

This clever hybrid CR-V is a step towards electric motoring but with no driving range



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anxiety and no waiting at an en-route electric charging point for hours to recharge a battery before a journey can continue.

For: Easy to drive, easy to live with, no fuss no dramas, roomy, comfortable, well equipped, sound and solid, good real-life fuel economy, rapid en-route self charging battery system.

Against: High-ish CO2 figures despite its hybrid support, costly taxes, dated infotainment system, low braked towing weight for a large SUV with 4WD.





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MILESTONES AND WHEELS-ALIVE TECH. SPEC. IN BRIEF:

2021 Honda CR-V, 2.0 i-MMD Hybrid, EX, AWD, CVT. Price:
£39,840.



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Drivetrain: 2.0 litre, 4-cylinder, Atkinson-Cycle 145 hp petrol engine and two electric motors - a propulsion 184 hp unit and a generator unit, max torque is 315 Nm (232 lb.ft), eCVT fixed forward gear auto transmission with AWD (4WD).

Performance: 112 mph, 0 - 62 mph 9.2-seconds.

Fuel consumption: WLTP Combined Cycle 39.2 mpg (42.1 mpg overall on test).

Emissions and taxation: CO2 161 g/km. Tax costs: New VED road tax First Year rate £545 then £155 Standard rate, BiK company car tax 36%.

Insurance Group: 24E.



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Warranty: 3 years/90,000 miles.

Dimensions/capacities: L 4,600 mm (15.09 ft), W 1,855 mm (6.09 ft), H 1,689 mm (5.54 ft), wheelbase 2,662 mm (8.73 ft), boot/load space 497 to 1,638 litres (17.55 to 57.85 cu.ft), braked towing weight 750 kg (1,653 lb), 5-doors/5-seats.